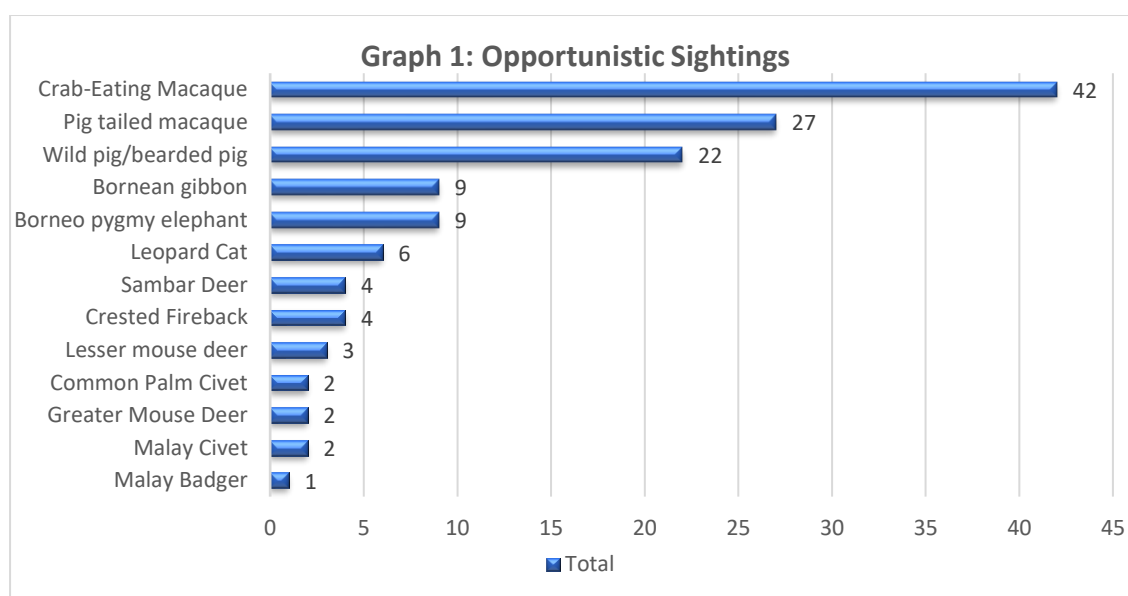


## **OPPORTUNISTIC SIGHTING JAN – DEC 2019**

Graph below shows that Crab-Eating Macaque, followed by Pig Tailed Macaque, are two species with the highest number of probability to be seen/spotted in the Forest Reserve, compared to other wildlife species in forest reserve areas for the year 2019. Both the crab-eating macaque and pig-tailed macaque is classified under Schedule 2 (Section 2) Part 1 (Section 25(2)) Protected Animals of the Sabah Wildlife Conservation Enactment 1997. However, the pig-tailed macaque is listed as Vulnerable by the IUCN Red List. Bornean Gibbons and Bornean Pygmy Elephants were also sighted. These data was recorded during wildlife monitoring, patrolling and other activities within forest reserves area.



	Species	Jan-Mar	Apr-Jun	Jul-Sep	Oct-Dec	Total	Percentage (%)
1	Borneo pygmy elephant	0	2	3	4	9	6.77
2	Pig tailed macaque	7	7	9	4	27	20.32
3	Wild pig/bearded pig	5	5	4	8	22	16.54
4	Lesser mouse deer	0	0	0	3	3	2.26
5	Bornean gibbon	2	0	5	2	9	6.77
6	Malay Civet	1	1	0	0	2	1.50
7	Crested Fireback	2	2	0	2	4	3.00
8	Greater Mouse Deer	0	0	2	0	2	1.50
9	Sambar Deer	1	0	0	3	4	3.00
10	Leopard Cat	1	1	2	2	6	4.51
11	Common Palm Civet	0	0	2	0	2	1.50
12	Crab-Eating Macaque	14	14	14	14	42	31.58
13	Malay Badger	0	0	1	0	1	0.75
	<b>TOTAL</b>					<b>133</b>	<b>100%</b>

**Table 5:** Opportunistic Sighting data recorded from January 2019 until December 2019